Municipality of Söderhamn Sweden





CORE

Food Waste Collection and Anaerobic Digestion System for Biogas and Biofertilizer

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# Description

- Problem addressed Collection and recycling of household food waste to be recycled to Biogas and Biofertilizer at the regional plant
- Context where the practice was introduced – To separate food waste from other household waste with coordinated collection
- Objective as from January 1, 2024, all the Municipalities households are separating food waste on mandatory basis.



Collected food waste annually

930 tons

28,8 tons

Composting

annually

# Implementation

- Timescale started during 2012 and implemented between 2012-2014
- Resources needed
  - Vehicles for the collection of household waste – Two-compartment loaders
  - The system is managed by the Municipality's infrastructure company Söderhamn Nära, in charge of the municipalities water supply, heat/electricity, IT and waste management
- Actors involved Söderhamn Nära, EkoGas, municipalities households



## Evidence of success

- Results achieved 81% of all households are today using "the brown bin", meaning 19% are not yet separating their food waste. Aim is to reach 100% from 2024.
- Users/ beneficiaries EkoGas gets more material to recycle, without increasing total amount of food waste, due to higher grade of correctly sorted material.

100% by 2024

# The Anaerobic System at EkoGas

- Food waste is being processed at the regional plant into biogas and biofertilizer.
- The biogas is then upgraded to vehicle fuel.
- The biofertilizer is replacing mineral fertilizers for local farmers,
- Both are then used within the region.
- We get residue (digestate) that is only used as building soil or incinerated today.

fotal collected food waste annually

18 483 tons

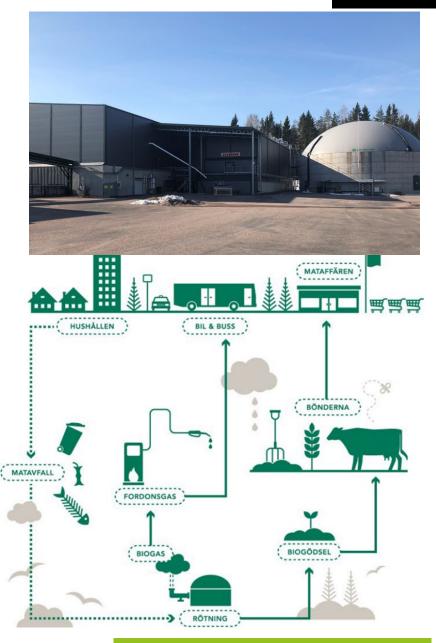
Produced Biogas Energy

> Raw Gas 23 GWh

Vehicle Gas 18 GWh

Produced Biofertilizer

15 408 tons



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## Lessons learnt

#### Positive

- The system is already in place and is now going to expand.
- A change in behavior has already been seen.
- Citizens more aware of how much food is thrown away.
- Less food waste is going in regular garbage and more into recycling.

#### Negative

- Still 19% of households are not active.
- We get residue (digestate) that is only used as building soil or incinerated today. (not pure enough)

#### Challenge

- Change the behavior.
- To keep the food waste pure enough from plastic.
- Households must be better at sorting.
- Finding a more efficient way of cleaning the material on site.
- Increase the collection through higher grade of correct separation, not through more food waste.
- Refine the residue to produce biosoil that can be sold to the public.

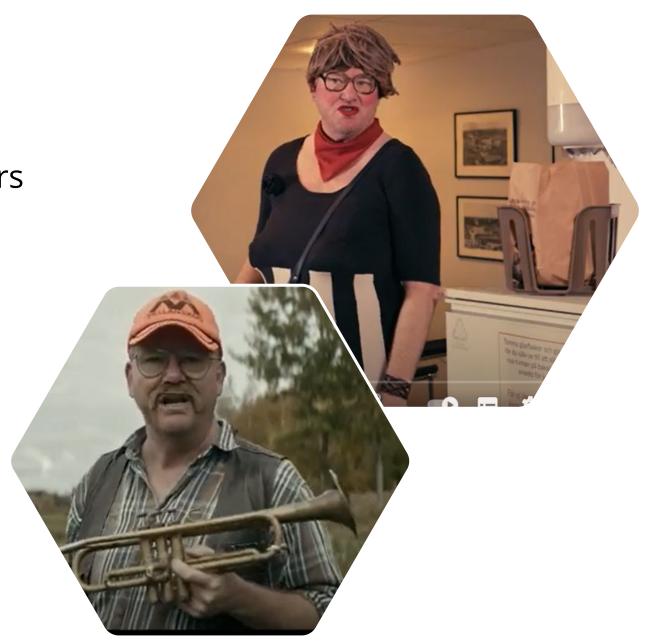


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### **Actions**

• Short film – local comedians/actors

- Implementation of new law
- Information campaigns
- Measures for behavior change
- Education



# Time for questions



# Thank you!

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